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| History Knowledge Map |
| **LKS2 – Cycle A** |
| General Vocabulary for all topics |
| * I know that **chronological order** means putting events in the order they occurred over time. * I know that the term **anno** **domini** (**AD**) means the period of history after the birth of Jesus Christ. * I know that the term **before** **Christ** (**BC**) means the period of history before year 1 AD and before the birth of Jesus Christ * I know that there isn’t a **year 0** and that time passes from **1BC to 1AD.** * I know that the term **historian** means someone who studies the past. * I know that the term **archaeologist** means a person who studies history by digging for **remains** on historical sites. * I know that the term **artifact** is a remain you can move from a historical site. It is something made by humans such as a tool or work of art. * I know that **primary sources** were created during the time we are studying. * I know that **secondary sources** have been created since the time we are studying. |
| Autumn Term  The Roman Invasion of Britain |
| **The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain**  **Vocabulary:**   * I know that the term **Roman** means people who originated in Rome, Italy at around 753BC. * I know that the term **Celts** means the Ancient Britons who lived in Britain when the Romans invaded. * I know that to **conquer** means to take over and rule. * I know that an **empire** is a group of countries ruled over by a single ruler.   **Chronology, events and key dates:**   * I know where to place the Romans on a timeline. * I know the key features of everyday life in the Roman Empire and the Roman Army. * I know that the Roman Empire covered most of Europe, North Africa and some of the Middle East, when it was at its largest. * I know that the Romans invaded Britain in 55BC but that the invasion was not fully successful. * I know the Romans came to Britain searching for riches, land, slaves and metal. * I know that the Romans finally fully conquered Britain in 43AD. * I know there was resistance to the Roman invasion of Britain from the tribes that already lived here and that opinions on the Romans varied. * I know the Romans withdrew from Britain in 410 AD. * I know Roman remains can still be found in Britain, such as forts and baths and that their influence on our modern life today includes towns, sanitation and roads.   **People:**   * Roman legend states that **Romulus** and **Remus** founded Rome on the River Tiber. * **Julius Caesar** was the first Roman emperor to invade Britain. * The **Emperor Claudius** was the emperor who finally invaded Britain successfully. * I know that **Boudicca** led a rebellion against the Romans. |
| Spring Term  Kimbolton Village through the ages – a local history study. |
| **A local history study**  **Vocabulary**  **Chronology, events and key dates**  **People** |
| Summer Term  WWII – Battle of Britain |
| **A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils’ chronological knowledge beyond 1066**  **Vocabulary**   * I know that the **British** **Empire** was a group of group of nations ruled by Britain. * I know that an **air raid** happens when planes drop bombs. * I know that the **Spitfire** and **Hurricane** were British fighter planes. * I know that the **RAF** and **Luftwaffe** were the British and German air forces. * I know that **evacuated** means to move someone from a place of danger to a place of safety. * I know that **rationing** means to control how much food, clothing or other scarce resource people can have so that shortages can be avoided. * I know that the **Ministry of Information** was a government department that produced posters and slogans during the war.   **Chronology, events and key dates**   * I know that World War II took place between 1939 and 1945. * I know that World War II started when Germany invaded Poland. * I know that the Battle of Britain and the Blitz took place in 1940 when Hitler planned to invade Britain. * I know that Britain used fighting technology such as radar, ground defences and fighter aircraft for the first time during the Battle of Britain. * I know that soldiers from all over the British Empire fought as pilots in the Battle Britain. * I know that many children and teachers were evacuated to safer locations in the countryside, including Kimbolton village. * I know that food and other goods were rationed and everyone had a ration book with coupons. * I know that there were public information campaigns to encourage people to cope with war time hardship such as ‘Dig for Victory’ and ‘Make do and Mend’. * I know that women were part of the war effort at home in Britain doing the jobs that men had done prior to going off the fight in the war,.e.g. the Land Army.   **People**   * I know that **Winston** **Churchill** was the British Prime minister during WWII. * I know that **Adolf** **Hitler** was the head of the Nazi party in Germany. |

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| **LKS2 – Cycle B** |
| General Vocabulary for all topics |
| * I know that **chronological order** means putting events in the order they occurred over time. * I know that the term **anno** **domini** (**AD**) means the period of history after the birth of Jesus Christ. * I know that the term **before** **Christ** (**BC**) means the period of history before year 1 AD and before the birth of Jesus Christ * I know that there isn’t a **year 0** and that time passes from **1BC to 1AD.** * I know that the term **historian** means someone who studies the past. * I know that the term **archaeologist** means a person who studies history by digging for **remains** on historical sites. * I know that the term **artifact** is a remain you can move from a historical site. It is something made by humans such as a tool or work of art. * I know that **primary sources** were created during the time we are studying. * I know that **secondary sources** have been created since the time we are studying. |
| Autumn Term  The Ancient Egyptians |
| **The achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Egypt**  **Vocabulary**   * I know that the term **ancient** means belonging to the very distant past. * I know that the term **Egyptologist** means a specialist in Ancient Egyptian history. * I know that **chronological order** means putting events in the order they occurred over time. * know that the term **before Christ (BC)** means the period of history before year 1 AD and before the birth of Jesus Christ. * I know that the term **artefact** is a remain you can move from a historical site. It is something made by humans such as a tool or work of art.   **Chronology, events and key dates**   * I know that the Ancient Egyptian timeline has BC dates. * I know that Ancient Egyptian history begins at around the year 3000BC. * I know that a pharaoh was a ruler of ancient Egypt * I know that the Egyptian timeline includes 3 major periods. * I know that names and order of the Egyptian periods: The Old Kingdom, The Middle Kingdom, The New Kingdom. * I know some differences between Ancient Egyptian times and present day and how Egyptians lived their lives day to day. * I know that the Ancient Egyptians had different burial rituals to the present day such as mummification. * I know some differences between earlier and later Egyptians such as how and where Pharaoh’s were buried. * I know that pyramids were special tombs for the burial of Pharaohs and Queens only. * I know that the Ancient Egyptians had a system of writing that used pictures and symbols (hieroglyphs) instead of letters.   **People**   * I know the name and some important facts about an Egyptian Pharaoh e.g. **Tutankhamun**. * I know the name/some important fact about an Egyptologist, e.g. **Howard Carter**. |
| Spring Term  Stone Age to Iron Age |
| **Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age**  **Vocabulary**   * I know that prehistoricmeansbefore humans wrote down their story. * I know that nomadic means people who do not live in one place, but move around according to where there is a supply of food * I know that hunter**-**gatherer means people who hunt (meat/fish) or gather their food (nuts, seeds, plants, berries).   **Chronology, events and key dates**   * I know the Stone Age began around 2.5 million years ago. * I know that the Bronze Age began in when people began to use Bronze for tools and weapons in approximately 2500BC. * I know that the Iron Age began when people began to smelt and use iron in approximately 800BC. * I know that during the early stone age, people lived in caves and were hunter gathers. * I know that early stone age people made simple weapons and tools using stone, communicated using cave-paintings and discovered fire which changed their diet and health. * I know that in the late Stone Age, people lived in communities such as Skara Brae in Orkney. * I know that late Stone Age people made a variety of different artefacts for work, decoration and leisure using bone, ivory, stone and wood, as well as starting to farm, plant crops and keep animals. * I know that in the Bronze and Iron Ages, people lived in large roundhouses. * I know that Iron Age people lived in Celtic tribes on hill forts. * I know that an earth work is a large bank or mound of soil that has been made by humans deliberately. * I know that Iron Age tribes had priests/wise men called Druids. * I know that the Druids sacrificed food and precious objects to keep their gods happy. * I know that the history of Ancient Egypt overlaps this period of history and that the Roman invasion of Britain happens towards the end of the Iron Age.   **People**   * I know the **Red Lady of Paviland** was buried on the Gower Peninsula around 33,000 years ago. * I know that the **Amesbury Archer** was buried c. 2,300BC close to Stonehenge with some bronze arm-guards and beakers made by the ‘Beaker People’, providing evidence for the Bronze Age. |
| Summer Term  The Anglo Saxons and the Vikings |
| **The Vikings and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time Edward the Confessor**  **Vocabulary**   * I know that the **Anglo Saxons** were a group of people who lived in **England** (but not Cornwall) after the Romans and before the Normans. * I know that the **Vikings** were a group of people who came from **Scandinavia**. * I know the term **invade** means to enter and occupy land. * I know that a **kingdom** is an area ruled by a king. * I know that a **raid** is a surprise attack. * I know that to **pillage** is to violently steal something. * I know that **pagan** religions worship many god and goddesses and that **Christianity** has one god.   **Chronology, events and key dates**   * I know the chronological order of the Celts, the Romans, the Anglo Saxons, the Vikings and the Normans. * I know that the Vikings first started to arrive in Britain in AD793. * I know that Vikings pillaged expensive items to trade, e.g. from monasteries. * I know that the Vikings invaded and settled in Scotland first. * I know that the Vikings had settled permanently further south in England by AD900. * There were originally seven Anglo Saxon kingdoms in England. * Many Anglo Saxon kings fought hard to stop the Vikings settling and keep control of their kingdoms. * I know that the Vikings lived on farms and kept animals for milk, wool and meat. * I know that the Vikings had their own law system, pagan religion and mythical stories called sagas. * I know some Anglo-Saxon place names e.g. Hereford (ford meaning shallow river) and Kimbolton (ton meaning enclosed village or farm).   **People**   * I know that Bede was an Anglo Saxon monk who wrote about the Viking raids. * I know that King Alfred the Great fought hard to defend his kingdom and defeat the Vikings. * I know that Edward the Confessor died in 1066. * I know that William the Conqueror was the first Norman King of England after the Battle of Hastings. |